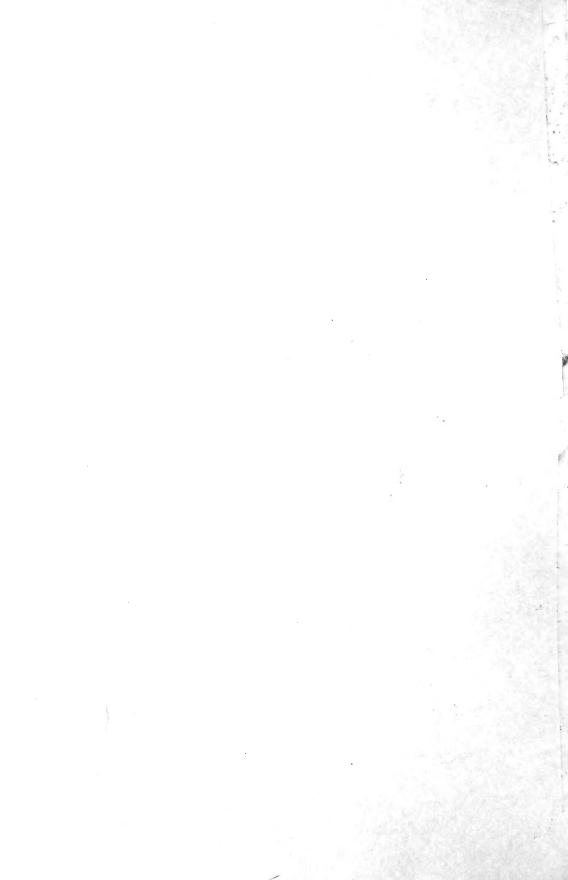
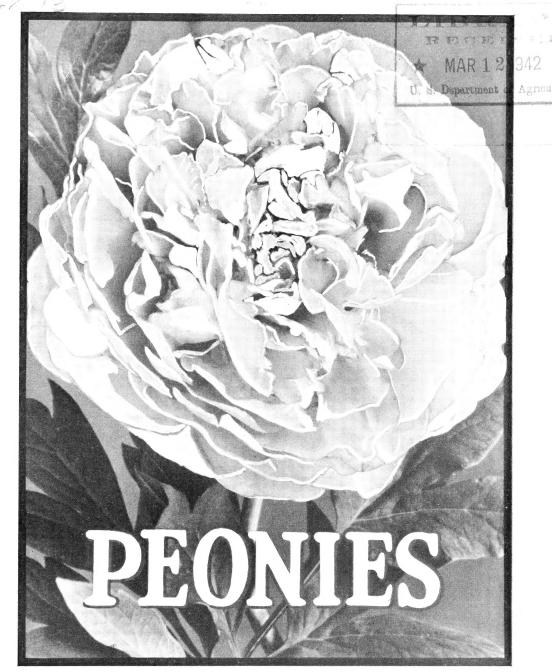
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Yellow lutea hybird. Souvenir de Maxime Cornu. No. 131 in Catalog.

OBERLIN PEONY GARDENS

REUBEN L. OBERLIN

425 PENN AVENUE

Sinking Spring [BERKS] Penna.

5 miles west of Reading on Route No. 422



Introduction

In presenting the Peony, the Queen of Flowers, we wish to say to the reader, by way of introduction, that Sinking Spring, Pa., with its surrounding territory, is famous for its Peonies. The soil and climate are well adapted to the growth of this beautiful flower, which in delicacy of tint and fragrance surpasses all other flowers. If you are a lover of flowers, you are making a wise choice in selecting Peonies to grow, as they are the most satisfactory, being the easiest to raise of any and all flowers for this country, particularly the North. They are the most hardy, the most showy, the most dependable, the most reliable, the most wonderful flowers, and we might say the only flower you can't kill with neglect. The peony is a native of China and was a source of inspiration for painters and poets during the Golden Era. Even today the conventionalized peony is much seen in Chinese art. Peonies are generally divided into two classes; (1) Herbaceous, the tops of which die down to the ground each fall and start new growth from the roots in spring and (2) Tree Peonies, which are woody and do not die down; but, start growth from the eyes which were formed on the branches the preceding summer.

In general, we may say that the herbaceous peony is very hardy, having been known to withstand cold as low as forty degrees below zero, Fahrenheit. This type of peony is perennial and under favorable conditions will bloom for a generation or more. The Herbaceous is comprised of the following types: Early May-flowering (species and hybrids), Chinensis, Japanese and Single.

Eight Weeks of Peony Blooms. We have these beautiful flowers with us for nearly two months. You may share our enjoyment with us for the same length of time by consulting this catalog and planting the varieties as they are classified, from the earliest to the very latest bloomers.

Time to Plant. The best time to plant both Tree and Herbaceous Peonies is in the autumn, beginning about September 1, although the early May-flowering section can be planted as early as August 15, and the planting of the roots can be continued until the ground freezes. To prevent heaving of the roots by frost, they should be covered with a mulch of leaves or straw manure the first season. Peonies can also be planted successfully in spring if this is done early, as soon as the frost is out and the soil is dry enough. If planted in the spring, water frequently during the summer.

Our Roots. Our roots have been tested on our grounds, and every one is true to name. If you wish to adorn your lawn or garden with true stock, correctly labeled, do not overlook this list. As to size, quality, and strength of our roots, they rank with the best on the market, and will usually bloom the first year.

Full Cultural Directions Included With Every Shipment.

TREE PEONIES (PAEONIA ARBOREA)

This species is one of the first to bloom in the early spring, preceding the Officinalis and Chinensis or Herbaceous sections by two to three weeks, according to variety. It is a shrub in character, while the Officinalis and Chinensis sections are Herbaceous.

The tree peony is native to the mountains of China and was propagated by the Chinese for hundreds of years, and this resulted in the evolving of semi-double and single varieties. In the year 1800 the tree peony was imported into Europe and after considerable work by European hybridizers the present very double form of the flower, was evolved.

The shrub starts to produce an increasing number of sprouts from below, and in this natural way it continues to live and prolong its life, at the same time enlarging the clump. Therefore, in pruning, no living wood should be cut, but only the part of the shrub that has been winter-killed should be removed.

It will require several seasons for it to become thoroughly established and show the perfection of its bloom. Double varieties will sometimes bloom single and semi-double until thoroughly established. The flowers are larger than those of the Herbaceous varieties, with a crepe-paper-like texture and ruffled and crimped on the edges of the petals. A well-established, mature bush is truly a gorgeous sight when in full bloom, growing 3 to 4 feet in height and spread and bearing 25 to 100 blooms.

No garden should be without one or two tree peonies. They make a very nice specimen plant and are a joy to behold. There are records that one plant had as many as 400 blooms on it. If properly located, cultivated and fertilized a tree peony will grow and bloom satisfactorily for many years.

Until the outbreak of the present World War we imported the better varieties of peonies from Europe and Asia and kept only the hardiest and best bloomers for listing in our catalogue. At the present time we are entirely independent of any foreign source of supply due to the fact that we are continually engaged in propagating our plants, of which we now have the largest selection in America. We are able to offer plants originated by Professor A. P. Saunders, probably the greatest living tree peony hybridizer, and we also have available plants originated by Morgan D. Reinbold, Esq., a local hybridizer to whom we extend all the facilities and courtesies of our nurseries.

South and east exposures, in open spaces and in full sunlight at least half of the day, are the best locations. If planted where they are exposed to north or west winter winds, they should have protection by mulching with dry leaves or a screen the first year.

We thank you, our customers, for your past patronage and trust that you will try some of our newer varieties. In case you have any questions about the proper care and cultivation of peonies, be sure to write to us and we will be glad to supply the information.

SIZES OF SHRUBS

The following prices are for strong4 and 5-year-old shrubs that have already bloomed in our gardens. The size varies according to the variety, ranging in height from 12 to 24 inches, with several stems. We always send out the finest plants available in each particular variety.

We are also in a position to supply very large specimens, bushy, well-developed clumps, 8 to 10 years old, of the varieties marked with an asterisk (*) at \$12 each, excepting No. 4 Banksi at \$10 each, and No. 6 Bijou de Chusan at \$15 each.

—If interested in varieties not marked please write for prices.—

TYPES OF TREE PEONIES

We have classified the Tree Peonies into three groups, so as to assist our customers in their selection of different types of blooms.

Tree Peonies

This group produces large, double flowers similar to the double Herbaceous type. The foliage of these is very broad.

	Each
1. Albert Crousse. (Oberlin.) Large; double; flesh pink, similar	**
in color and shape to the Herbaceous Peony, Albert Crosse.	\$8.00
*2. Athlete. Large; double; brilliant rose-pink	5.00
3. August Ravel. Large; double; paie rose-purple	5.00
*4. Banksi. Large; double; flesh pink. Good bloomer and very hardy. We have a very large stock of this variety and are	
in a position to select extra-fine shrubs	4 00
*5. Baronne d'Ales. Large; full; vivid salmony pink, dark center	5.00
*6. Bijou de Chusan. Large; very double; outer petals pure white, center peals cream, tipped with green. Very good bloomer.	
Some consider this the finest European white	10.00
7. Blanche de Noisette. Large; double; rosy white	5.00
*8. Carolina d'Italie. Large; double, loosely built; beautiful flesh-	
pink	6 00
9. Comte de Flandre. Large; double; violet rose	6.00
*10. Comtesse de Crawford. Large; Carmine rose, deeper center	5.00
*11. Comtesse de Tuder. Very large; double; lovely bright salmon	5.00
*12. Coquette des Blanches. Large; double; pure white. A good white	5.00
13. De Bugney. Very large; rose white, violet center	5.00
14. Donkelaari: Bright Salmon	6.00
15. Emperor Alexandre II. Lilac rose, center vivid carmine	5.00
* 16. Fragrans Maxima Plena. Fine double; salmon-flesh. Unusual color	5.00
17. William Tell. Large vivid carmine	5.00

×

TREE PEONIES, continued
*18. Jeanne d'Arc. Large; double, imbricated salmon-colored
*18. Jeanne d'Arc. Large; double, imbricated sainton-colored flowers. Free blooming
*19. Josephine Seneclauze. Flesh pink, salmon reflex
*20. Lactea. Large; double; pure white. Profuse bloomer
*21. Lambertinae. Large; double; pure white shaded violet-pink
22. La Ville de St. Denis. Large; double; flesh, changing to white.
Free flowering
23. Li Pai. (Chinese origin). Very large; full double; snowy white.
* 24. Louise Mouchelet. Very large; double; rose-salmon-pink.
Vigorous grower
*25. Mme. Amand. Very large; rose with beautiful veined center
26. Mme. de Vatry. Very large; double; clear lilac
27. Mme. Edouard Seneclauze. Brilliant crimson
28. Mme. la Marquise de Vogue. Vivid rose carmine
*29. Mm. Stuart Low. Large; double; bright salmon-red. Good grower
30. Marquise de Clapiers. Imbricated; vivid salmon
31. Meteore. Very full; transparent rose
32. Mont Vesuve: Deep orange, boardered carmine
33. Monte Cristo: Vivid orange salmon
34. Newmanni. Large; violet pink, very fine
35 Omar Pacha. Large full deep carmine
36. Onix: Clear vivid red
37. Osiris. Double; beautiful dark velvety red. The darkest European red. Suitable for rock-gardens. Profuse bloomer.
38. Perle des Blanches: Large full flowers, ivory white
39. Princess de Metternich. Large; beautiful white
*40. Princess Mathilda. Large; double; clear rose-flesh
41. Queen Amelia. Vivid carmine; fine; beautiful
42. Queen of the Belgians. Full; tender rose salmon
43. Queen of the Violets.Fine deep brilliant violet
*44. Queen Elizabeth. Very large; double; bright rose-salmon.
Vigorous grower, free flowering. Most popular of the
European pinks** *45. Robert Fortune. Large: very fine brilliant carmine pink, pro-
, p
fuse bloomer********************************
47. Rubra Odorate plena, Brilliant pink
48. Salmonea. Very fine; salmon pink
49. Souv. de Chenonceaux. Violet cherry red
*50. Souvenir de Ducher. Large; very double; amaranth-red
51. Souv. d'Etienne Mechin. Brilliant salmon pink
2. Souv. d Edenie Wedin. Dithant Samon pink

	TREE PEONIES, continued	
		Each
52.	Souvenir De Mme. Knorr: Salmon pink, spotted	6.00
53.	Souv. de Mons. Miren. Full; double; rosy white	5.00
54.	Triomphe de Flandres. Large; double; salmon pink	5.00
*55.	Triomphe de Vandermaelen. Large; double; vivid violet-pink. Vigorous grower	5.0
56.	Versicolor. Large; double; red	7.0
	Tree Peonies	
	This group produces large, broad-petaled flowers, the tips being crinkled with a crepe-paper-like texture, and they have a central cushion of golden anthers. The foliage is cut finer and is narrower than the other types.	
* 57.	America. Large; semi-double; beautiful soft flesh pink. Blooms very profusely on upright stems	5.00
58.	Bishop's Crown. Variegated red; early; semi-double	8.00
59.	Black King. Brilliant reddish black, margined with faint white stripes; large, double flowers. One of best rare varieties.	20.00
* 60.	Black Phoenix. Large; double; luminous, clear blackish red; well-arranged petals	8.00
61.	Blue Moon. Large refined double flowers of a very deep Wisteria blue, very rare color	20.00
62.	Cactus. Large, double, cactus-formed blooms of light lilac-flesh, deeper at base	8.00
63.	Camellia. Beautiful lilac pink, broad waved petals. Large semi-double	8.00
64.	Cardinal. Large; double; fine scarlet with white splashes	8.00
65.	Cheerful. Large; double; rich flesh-pink with crimson center	8.00
66.	Cherry Blossom. Deep cherry; waved petals; enormous size bloom. Exceptionally tall growth. Free bloomer; double.	20.00
67.	Chinese Beauty. Scarlet; lighter at the tips of petals; double	8.00
	Coquette. Light rose pink, fringed and cut petals with a green margin on outer petals	8.00
69.	Crimson Brocade. Brilliant scarlet crimson with white marginal cast; semi-double	8.00
70.	Crimson Cloak. Brilliant crimson; large flowers	8.00
71.	Crimson Cloud. Medium; semi-double; luminous blackish crimson with white stamens. Pinkish yellow variegated foliage.	8.00

TREE PEONIES, continued	Each
72. Crimson Queen. Large semi-double; clear crimson-red without a blue or magenta shade. Outstanding color. Rare	15.00
73. Crimson Tide. Crimson with white splashes changing to deep crimson; double	8.00
74. Crystal Palace. Large; well formed; double; charming bright scarlet-crimson without blue or magenta shade. One of the finest reds grown. Very rare	15.00
75. Dawn. Large; double; creamy white, with faint lilac-purple at base. Extra fine	10.00
76. Daybreak. Light flesh, shaded white, deep rose at base	8.00
77. Doris. A so called winter flowering variety. Supposed to bloom in November to January and again in spring. We believe it will bloom twice a year in the southern states. Brilliant pink; semi-double	10.00
78. Fairy Wings. Light flesh with lilac shade. Large double cactus formed blooms	10.00
79. Fire Glow. Deep scarlet crimson with rose shade. Enormous flowers; double	8.00
80. Flight of Cranes. Large; double; fragrant; pure white, with central cushion of golden anthers. Profuse bloomer	5.00
81. Flora. Beautiful transparent white. Single to semi-double	8.00
82. Gaiety. Clear pink; ball shaped with fringed tips at petals. Large bloom	8.00
83. Gem. Sparkling scarlet carmine; double and rare	8.00
84. Gobelin. Light red with scarlet variegation. Cactus flowering.	10.00
*85. Golden Center. Large; semi-double; brilliant warm salmon-rose, with central cushion of golden anthers	5.00
86. Golden Hues. Large; double; pale yellow with lilac tints at base. Rare flower	10.00
*87. King of Peonies. Extremely large (10 inches across); semi-double; bright rose. Very profuse and popular	5.00
88. Lilac Queen. Deep lilac-rose; double bloom	8.00
*89. Lion's Main. Large; semi-double; light salmon-pink. Tall and attractive	5.00
90. Mahogany. Satiny carmine shaded black. Incurved petals. Distinct color amongst Tree Peonies. Very large; double flowers; outstanding	20.00
91. May Beauty. Clear pink with crimson variegation. Large double flower	8.00

	TREE PEONIES, continued	E
	May Morn. Deep scarlet crimson; ball shaped; double: large Memories. Enchanting clear pink, narrow waved petals protruding from the center	8
94.	Moon Beam. Pure white, crinkled petals. 12 to 15 inches in diameter. Strong grower, rare and beautiful. Best white.	20
95.	Motley. Large; double; reddish color margined with white	8
* 96.	Moutan. Large; single; maroon-red. Free bloomer. First to flower	4
97.	Nightingale. Single very rare color, lilac-purple, deeper at the tips of petals	8
98.	Nira. (Oberlin, 1934). Very large; extremely double; light salmon-rose. A very fine variety and a good bloomer	8
99.	Old Ivory. Sulphur yellow, with slight crimson at base, semi-double	10
* 100.	Orchid. Large; semi-double; beautiful orchid. Good grower, quickly attaining a height of three feet	5
101.	Panama (Oberlin, 1920). Large; semi-double; brilliant salmon- rose, with central cushion of golden anthers. Profuse bloomer. Very erect and attractive	6
102.	Phoenix. Deep rosy carmine; fringed petals. Very fine type. Semi-double; very profuse	8
103.	Pink Brocade. Rosy pink; large; double flowers. Golden variegated leaves	8
104.	Pink Dawn. White, with faint flesh tints; large; double; stout upright stems	8
105.	Pink Pearl. Light pinkish pearl pink with soft tone. Large flower with strong stems	8
106.	Primrose. Sulphur yellow, round petals. flat shape. Lovely golden anthers. Well shaped rare flower	10
107.	Purple Queen. Brilliant dark violet-purple, changing to lilac shaded deep rose; double	9
108.	Raven. Blackish purple, sometimes with white variegations	10
109.	Rimpo. Large, medium-double flowers of a reddish brown color	8
110.	Ruriban. Large; semi-double; satiny dark red. Extra fine. Good bloomer	6.
111.	Salmon Perfection. (Oberlin, 1922). Large; semi-double; brilliant salmon-rose, with central cushion of golden anthers; profuse bloomer. Very erect and attractive. Light green foliage	7.

	TREE PEONIES, continued	Each
112.	Salmon Queen. Very large; semi-double; vermilion-salmon. Tall; profuse bloomer. Extra fine	10.00
113.	Silver Tip. Large; double; crimson with silver striping through the petals. Good bloomer. Excellent. Rare	15.00
114.	Snow Flake. Extra large, white, broad, crinkled petals, regularly formed, with a beautiful circle of golden stamens surrounding pistils, producing a unique effect. We consider this our outstanding white Tree Peony at present	
115.	Snow White. Large; single; light flesh, changing to snowy white when fully opened	8.00
116.	Spring Dawn. Large; double; white with crimson shade; irregular form with split petals	8.00
117.	Star Light. Brilliant blackish crimson; large double bloom	8.00
118.	Striped Dragon. Large, single, vermillion flower with gold striped leaves	8.00
119.	Sunrise. Crimson with large brownish stripes; beautiful double bloom	8.00
120.	Violet Pansy. Pansy violet, shaded reddish black, enormous size, double flowers	8.00
121.	White Dragon. Large; semi-double; fragrant; pure white, with central cushion of golden anthers. Rare and beautiful.	8.00
122.	Wisteria Blue. Large, beautiful, refined, double flowers of Wisteria blue. Profuse bloomer	20.00

Yellow Lutea Hybrid Tree Peonies

A new race of Tree Peonies has originated from the wild Tree Peony (P. lutea) crossed with other Moutan varieties. They all have characteristics of the parent Lutea, which is yellow. Their color is quite different from any of the other Tree Peonies, ranging from a pure yellow to a yellow and red combination which is most attractive. They are hardy but slow to propagate, hence very rare. Of the few varieties of these hybrids we have the following to offer under this classification at the present time.

123.	Argosy. (Saunders, 1928). The flowers are fairly large, semi-
	double, clear bright sulphur-yellow, deep purple-red at the
	base, and stand upright on stout stems. Very vigorous
	grower with handsome foliage. Fragnant

TREE PEONIES, continued	Each
124. Aurora. This new variety produces many single flowers with broad petals of a coppery terra-cotta color on tall stiff stems.	30.00
125. Chromatella. (Lemoine, 1930). This is a sport from the beautiful variety Souv. de Maxime Cornu, it is similar in form and habit; but, the blooms are pure sulphur yellow, without any shade of salmon or buff. Large; double and very fragrant. We consider this variety the best double yellow at present	25.00
126. Flambeau. (Lemoine, 1930). A variety carrying large double flowers of a bright salmon red with purple veins, passing to a paler shade after some days. Very fragrant. A striking novelty	25.00
127. La Lorraine. (Lemoine, 1913). Large, very double flowers of good substance and delightful fragrance. Color a soft sulphur. yellow, becoming lighter and purer when fully opened. Good grower and bloomer	18.00
128. L'Esperance. (Lemoine, 1909). Large blooms 8 inches wide, with 8 to 10 broad, round fringed and wavy petals, clear primrose-yellow with buff shade, blotched carmine at their base. It is very hardy and blooms profusely, on erect stems. Beautiful outstanding variety. Fragrant	35.00
129. Mme. Louis Henry. (L. Henry, 1919). These cup-shaped flowers are about 6 inches in breadth and are formed of 6 or more waved petals. The color is a mixture of carmine, buff and pink, shaded salmon and coppery yellow, with purple markings at the base of the petals. Fragrant	25.00
130. Satin Rouge. (Lemoine, 1926). Large full double flowers, averaging 8 inches in breadth, with broad petals of a satin appearance, and of a bright blood red, passing to an old red shade after some days. A distinctive different color in Tree Peonies; very fragrant	
131. Souvenir de Maxime Cornu. (L. Henry, 1919). Very large (8 inches in diameter) and extremely double blooms: most fragrant of all peonies. Color, deep yellow heavily shaded orange-salmon. Distinct A very vigorous variety becoming very tall and bushy Profuse bloomer	15.00
132. Surprise. (Lemoine, 1920). Very large bloom with irregular petals of a mixture of straw-yellow, pale salmon, and rosy purple. It is tall and vigorous, and the very double, fragrant blooms are carried on strong stems	25.00
SEEDLINGS	
Unnamed. Fine strain of these various types. Must be sold as mixed and cannot be guaranteed as to color or type Specimens	2.50 5.00

HERBACEOUS PEONIES

Early May-Flowering Peonies

SPECIES AND HYBRIDS

	Each
1. Tenuifolia flpl. Double, crimson-red flowers. Fernlike foliage	\$2.00
2. Corallina. Single, brilliant crimson flower. Rather fine-cut foliage	1.00
3. Officinalis rubra plena. Large, brilliant deep crimson flower—the old-fashioned "Piney" of our grandmothers. Extensively	
used on Memorial Day	.60
4. Officinalis alba mutabilis. Light pink, changing to white	.90
5. Officinalis rosea plena. Earliest, rich rose	.65
6. Officinalis alba plena. Large, convex, double, pure white bloom.	
A very scarce and valuable variety	1.50
7. Avant Garde. Smoky pink, golden stamens	3.00
8. Le Printemps. Creamy yellow	3.00
9. Mai fleuri. Cream with carmine glow and orange-yellow stamens	3.00
10. Messagere. Sulphur-white	3.00

Chinensis Section

In order to assist the purchaser in making his selection easy, we have carefully classified Peonies as to color and season of bloom in a systematic manner in the following list.

The ratings of the American Peony Society are given, following the name of the introducer and time of introduction. The highest rating a Peony can attain is 10; this is considered perfection.

White Peonies

EARLY

11. Grandiflora Nivea Plena. (Lemon, 1824). 8.1 Large globular rose type; milk-white; very fragrant. First white Peony to bloom	\$0.75
12. Festiva Maxima. (Miellez, 1851). 9.3. The very largest milk-white bloom, flecked crimson. Magnificent	.50
13. Mme. de Verneville. (Crousse, 1885). 7.9. Large, very full, bomb-type flower, with pure white center, blush when first open; fragrant. Medium height	.50
14. Duchesse de Nemours. (Calot, 1856). 8.1. Wonderful buds; cup-shaped, sulphur-white bloom	.50
15. La Tendresse. (Crousse, 1896). 8.1. Large, compact, flat rose type; uniform milk-white, splashed guards, center flecked crimson. Strong; free bloomer	.50

WHITE PEONIES, continued

MIDSEASON

16. Mme. Crousse. (Calot, 1866). 7.9. Medium size; pure white center flecked crimson; most fragrant. Strong stiff stem Best all-around white	
17. Mons. Dupont. (Calot, 1872). 8.3. Flat, milk-white blooms splashed crimson. Erect, tall; free bloomer	50
18. Avalanche. (Crousse, 1886). 8.7. Very large, compact, pur white blooms, edged with a light line of carmine. Very strong; extremely free bloomer	7
19. James Kelway. (Kelway, 1900). 8.7. Large, rose-white bloom showing golden stamens. Changes to milk-white. Tall vigorous; free bloomer	50
20. Mme. Emile Lemoine. (Lemoine, 1899). 8.9. Large, globular compact, semi-rose type; milk-white	.50
21. Le Cygne. (Lemoine, 1907). 9.9. Perfectly formed, milk-white globe-shaped blooms with no markings or stamens; ver fragrant. Erect; strong stems	2.00
22. Jubilee. (Pleas, 1908). 8.9. Very large, double flowers with long, narrow, white petals having a greenish tinge. Tall free flowering; long stems	; . 1.00
23. Mrs. Edward Harding. (Shaylor, 1918). 9.3. Blooms double large, white, illumined by golden stamens under the petals Free blooming; stiff stems	i. 1.50
24. John M. Good. (Welsh, 1921). 9.3. Double type; large; oute petals very large, graduating smaller; very pale pink shading to pure white; richly fragrant. Tall, vigorous moderately floriferous; stiff stems	
25. Frankie Curtis. (Vories, 1924). 9.3. Flower double, very large delicate flesh-pink, changing to pure white; guards broad Medium tall; floriferous; stiff stems	
26. Kelway's Glorious. (Kelway, 1909). 9.8. Double type; ver- large; white, crimson streaks on outside guard petals; stron- rose fragrance. Medium height; free flowering; stron- stems	g
27 Alice Harding. (Lemoine, 1922). 9.5. Guard petals blush-pink center creamy white	•
28. Nina Secor. (Secor, 1922). 9.0. Pure white with glowing yellow depths	v
29. Mme. Escary. (Lemoine, 1922). 8.7. Large; double; big oute petals, cupped, smoothly overlapping, and graduated to fine rose-bud center. Pure white in effect, with faint trac of pink	a e
30. La Lorraine. (Lemoine, 1901). 8.6. Large; double; cream-white tinted pink, darker in center, with a yellow glow from few buried stemens. Tall, stout stems	a.
31. Harry F. Little. (Nicholls). New white. Very rare	

WHITE PEONIES, continued

LATE

E
1906). 8.8. Semi-rose; pointed h a golden light
y, 1889). 9.0. Very large; rose eaching to white; extremely fra-
). 8.1. Large, flat, semi-rose type; Very free bloomer
. 8.5 Large, globular, pure white r. Strong stem
7. Large, very full, milky white
(Brand, 1907). 9.2. Very large, in the bud appear pure glistening ne
003). 8.9. Very large, fragrant, ll, strong stems
920). 9.2. Large, double, white tints and mild fragrance. Medium g stems
4). 9.0. Very double; pure white etals overlap regularly forming a h crimson splashes. Fragrant
. 8.6. Enormous; full; creamy
8). 8.5. Very large; broad snow- LeCygne. Very late, free bloomer.
1925). 9.6. Double; very large; uards broad and slightly differentaduated petals. Upright. Heavy Very late
Peonies EARLY
b). Delicate peach pink, double ent texture and good substance. ong stem. One of the earliest to
95). 7.4. One of the very earliest nd cream
8.1. Very large, rose type; pale naded darker
8.6. Large, flat, soft light pink
64). 8.6. Flat, pale hydrangea- e bloomer
. 8.5. Large. Guards and center grant

	EARLY PALE PINK PEONIES, continued	Ea
50 La	a Fee. (Lemoine, 1906). 9.2. Large, crown type; double; petals light old-rose-pink, narrow collar of creamy pink. Strong, tall grower; free bloomer	1.
	MIDSEASON	
51 To	dy Alexandra Duff. (Kelway, 1902). 9.1. Nicely formed	
71. La	flower and delightfully scented, with very broad petals of soft French pink. Tall and robust	1.0
	oral Treasure. (Rosenfield, 1900). 7.5. Large, rose type; pale lilac-rose; fragrant. Tall; free bloomer	. '
	Tulipe. (Calot, 1872). 7.5. Large; lilac-white with crimson stripes; fragrant. Tall; free bloomer	. '
	sa Gray. (Crousse, 1886). 8.1. Lilac, sprinkled with minute dots of deeper lilac. Very striking	. '
)). V	enus. (Kelway, 1888). 8.3. Delicate shell-pink, beautiful, compact bloom. Extra good for cut-flowers	
56. M	arie Crousse, (Crousse, 1892). 8.9. Double type; very large;	•
	central petals broad, pale pink, shaded rose; fragrant. Medium height; stiff stems	. '
57. R	flesh-pink bloom, tinted rose-pink; center petals marked crimson; mildly fragrant. Tall; strong; free flowering; stiff stems	2.
58. P ł	very large; rose-pink, paling to white; fragrant. Medium height free bloomer; strong stems	2.0
59. K a	atharine Havemeyer. (Thurlow, 1921). 9.0. Double, large, light rose-pink, with a tinge of old-rose; fragrant. Average height; floriferous; strong stems	3.0
60. T ł	pink, paling to cream-white; center of yellow petaloids; rich, spicy perfume. Strong stems	2.
61. J u	white outer petals; crimson line in center; fragrant. Medium height; floriferous; good stems	3.0
	dwin C. Shaw. (Thurlow, 1919). 9.1. Delightfully fragrant, double, very large, light old-rose blooms, with flesh-pink tones in center occasional red edges; fragrant. Medium height; fairly floriferous	2.0
63. F l	orence Macbeth. (Sass, 1924). 9.2. Double, very large, broad, flat, shell-pink, deepening toward center; slightly fragrant. Tall; strong stems	3.0
64. M	lary Woodbury Shaylor. (Shaylor, 1916). 9.0. Very large, double, flesh-white, illumined by golden reflections from the stamens; fragrant. Stiff stems	1.0
65. S c	plange. (Lemoine, 1907). 9.7. Extra-large blooms, with broad, rounded petals, suffused with a reddish golden light. One of the very finest	1.0

	MIDSEASON PALE PINK PEONIES, continued	77. 1
66.	Therese. (Dessert, 1904). 9.8. Very large, rose type with a high crown, violet-rose, changing to lilac-white in center. Strong; medium tall. Very desirable	1.00
67.	L'Indispensable. (Unknown). 7.3. Very full, globular, rose type; lilac-white, shading to rose. Tall	.50
68.	Mme. Jules Dessert. (Dessert, 1909). 9.4. Flowers very large, well formed, with great long, broad petals of flesh-white. One of the finest	1.00
69.	Reine Hortense. (Calot, 1857). 8.7. Large, compact. Broad, rounded petals of soft flesh color; guard and center petals marked carmine. Tall and vigorous	.75
70.	Marguerite Gerard. (Crousse, 1892). 8.4. Large; blush-pink. Tall; strong grower; free bloomer	.50
	Eugene Verdier. (Calot, 1864). 8.3. Large, compact, pale hydrangea-pink bloom; fragrant. Free bloomer	.50
72.	Frances Willard. (Brand, 1907). 9.1. Blush-white flowers of large size and delicate texture, changing to white with age. Tall strong grower	1.00
73.	Queen Emma. (Unknown). Large; bright light pink; fragrant. Rose type. Strong, erect stems. Free bloomer	50
74.	Myrtle Gentry. (Brand, 1925). 9.1. Double; rosy white, suf- sused with tints of pale pink, flesh, and salmon. Pleasing fragrance. Strong stems	3.00
75.	Blanche King: (Brand, 1922). 8.9 Globular flower. Overlapping petals. Dark pink with silver sheen	5.00
76.	LATE La Perle. (Crousse, 1886). 8.5. Large; globular; white, blush center flecked with carmine. Tall, upright	.50
	Albert Crousse. (Crousse, 1893). 8.6. Very large, bomb-type flower of rose-white, flecked crimson; fragrant. Tall; free bloomer like a big, fresh carnation	.50
	Mile. Leonie Calot. (Calot, 1861). 8.1. Grand tall-growing Peony. Soft lilac-pink. Free bloomer	.50
79.	President Wilson. (Thurlow, 1918). 9.3. Double, very large, bright rose-pink, paling with age; rich, spicy fragrance. Medium height; strong stems	2.00
80.	Jeannot. (Dessert, 1918). 9.2. Large, double, pale rose-pink, deepening to old-rose in center; faintly fragrant. Medium height; free blooming	1750
81.	Nancy Dolman. (Vories, 1924). 9.1. Very large, double, pale rose pink flower becoming pinkish white in center. Tall, roubust; floriferous; stiff stems	2.50
82.	A. M. Slocum. (Franklin, 1920). 9.0. A dwarf variety with wiry stems. Its large, double blooms open pale rose-pink; center light, disclosing stamens	1.50
83.	Sarah K. Thurlow. (Thurlow, 1921). 9.1. Double; large; very delicate pink when half open, pure white when open; rose fragrance; strong stems	1.50

	LATE PALE PINK PEONIES, continued	T. 1
	Mme. Emile Galle. (Crousse, 1881). 8.5. Large, flat rose-type bloom of deep lilac-pink, changing to white in center. Strong; free bloomer	Each
85.	Sarah Bernhardt. (Lemoine, 1906). 9.0 Flat, semi-rose type; large, imbricated petals of apple-blossom-pink. One of very best	.7
86.	Harriet Farnsley. (Brand, 1916). 7.9. Beautiful shell-pink. A gem among the very late Peonies	.5(
88.	James Boyd. (Thurlow, 1919). 8.9. Cream Center, flesh pink Phoebe Cary. (Brand, 1907). 8.8. Petals large, broad, of good substance. Color a beautiful rose-pink. Tall grower. Very fragrant	1.5
89.	Tourangelle. (Dessert, 1910). 9.4. Rose type; mauve and rose shadings; very fragrant. Vigorous grower; long stems. Very fine variety	1.0
90.	Milton Hill. (Richardson, 1891). 9.0. Very large, globular, compact, rose type; pale lilac-rose	1.0
91.	Grandiflora. (Richardson, 1883). 8. 8. The last Peony to bloom. Very large, flat, rose-type blooms of rose-white; extremely fragrant. A gem in a class by itself	.5
92.	Rosa Bonheur. (Dessert, 1905). 9.0. Blooms soft flesh-pink, of globular shape. Free bloomer	1.2
93.	Cornelia Shaylor. (Shaylor, 1917). 9.1. Large, double, pale rose-pink blooms. Very good	2.0
94.	Mrs. C. S. Minot. (Minot, 1914). 9.2. Very large, double, flesh-pink flower	2.0
95.	Maud L. Richardson. (Hollis, 1904). 8.5. Light rose pink	1.0
	Deep Pink Peonies	
	EARLY	
	Edulis Superba. (Lemon, 1824). 7.6. Large, bright mauve-pink; very fragrant. Strong; free bloomer	
	Mons. Jules Elie. (Crousse, 1888). 9.2. Very large, bomb-type bloom of pale lilac-rose; extremely fragrant. Free bloomer. One of the largest and finest	,
	Lamartine (also known as Gigantea). Calot, 1860). 8.3. Flower very large, rose type, pale lilac-rose, very fragrant. Tall; free bloomer	
99.	Ruth Brand. (Brand, 1907). 7.9. Large, compact, bomb type; soft lavender-pink; fragrant. Strong stem	
	MIDSEASON	
100.	Georgiana Shaylor. (Shaylor, 1908). 8.9. Very large, double, light rose-pink, with vivid crimson marks; fragrant. Medium height; strong stems	1.
101.	Kelway's Queen. (Kelway, 1909). 8.8. Large, double, bright rose pink with flesh tones in collar; strong rose fragrance. Medium height; strong stems	2.

	MIDSEASON DEEP PINK PEONIES, continued	T?
102.	Mme. Ducel. (Mechin, 1880). 7.9. Large; globular, bomb type; light mauve-rose, with silvery reflex	Eac
103.	Mons. Boucharlat aine. (Calot, 1868). 7.1. Flower large, full, semi-rose type; uniform light violet-rose, with silvery reflex. Strong grower	
104.	Walter Faxon. (Richardson, 1904). 9.3. Rose type; uniform pure bright rose, deep in center. Tall; free bloomer. Scarce.	1.0
105.	Mme. Geissler. (Crousse, 1880). 7.9. Gigantic rose type; glossy violet-pink. One of the largest Peonies	
	Docteur Bretonneau. (Verdier, 1854). 6.4. Medium bomb type; pale lilac-rose; fragrant. Free bloomer	
	Mabel L. Franklin. (Franklin, 1920). 9.0. Double, very large; guard and center brilliant rose-pink; color pale salmon. Average height; strong grower	1.
108.	Auguste Dessert. (Dessert, 1920). 8.7. Large, silvery, intense pink flower with no blue or yellow	1.
109.	Souvenir de Louis Bigot. (Dessert, 1913). 9.1 Large, double, vivid rose-pink, brightening to shell-pink in center; fragrant. Medium height; strong stems	1.
110.	Lillian Gumm. (Gumm, 1921). 8.8. Deep, even rose-pink; very double	1.
111.	Germaine Bigot. (Dessert, 1902). 8.5. Large; double; light rose-pink; loosely formed, showing stamens. Medium height. Strong stems	
112.	Hansina Brand. (Brand, 1925). 9.1. Double; deep and flat; dark flesh-pink, shaded darker at base of petals, with salmon glow. Upright stems	4.
113.	Ella Christiansen. (Brand, 1925). 9.0. Double; very large; loose flower of medium pink with a salmon center, on long, strong stem. Fragrant	3.
114.	Elise Renault. (Doriat, 1927). 8.7. Very large; double; bomb-shaped flowers of lilac and silvery purple with carmine bottom. Short, stiff stem	3.
	LATE	
	Pierre Ducharte. (Crousse, 1895). 8.2. Rose type; deep shell-pink; broad, rounded petals. Strong, upright stems	
116.	Mme. Forel. (Crousse, 1887). 7.7. One of the largest imbricated rose-type Peonies. Glossy deep pink with a silvery reflex; fragrant. Tall; free bloomer	
	Livingstone. (Crouse, 1879). 8.1. Large; perfect rose type; pale lilac-rose. Free bloomer. Remarkable buds	
118.	Raoul Dessert. (Dessert, 1910). 9.0. Double; large; brilliant shell-pink, of a shade rare in Peonies; rose scented. Medium height; free flowering; erect stems	1.

LATE DEEP PINK PEONIES, continued	
119. Claire Dubois. (Crousse, 1886). 8.7. Rose-type, very large,	Each
globular blooms of rich clear satiny pink.	.50
120. La France. (Lemoine, 1901). 9.0. Rose type; enormous; very fragrant; strong, erect stems; soft pink	.75
conspicuous carmine center. Very tall; free bloomer. A very good Peony	.50
122. Martha Bulloch. (Brand, 1907). 9.1. Brand's best production. Tall, strong grower. Immense blooms of soft rose-pink, well formed, of good substance, fragrant	1.50
123. Dorchester. (Richardson, 1870). 7.7. Large, fragrant, delicate hydrangea-pink bloom on strong, rather dwarf, upright stem. Very late	.50
Red Peonies	
EARLY	
124. Lord Kitchener. (Renault, 1916). 7.8. Rose type. Dazzling cherry-red. Very early	.50
125. Richard Carvel. (Brand, 1913). 8.8. The globular bomb-type flower is one shade of bright crimson. Tall; profuse bloomer. Very fine; early	1.00
126. Adolphe Rousseau. (Dessert & Mechin, 1890). 8.5. Very large, semi-double flowers of deep garnet. Very tall; strong grower	.75
127. Raphael. (Mechin, 1882). 7.4. Large, globular bloom of semirose type; dark purple garnet	1.00
128. Augustin d'Hour. (Calot, 1867). 7.8. Very large, well-formed, bomb-type flower; rich, brilliant solferino-red. Erect; free. Fine bud	.60
129. Mons. Martin Cahuzac. (Dessert, 1899). 8.8. Very dark garnet or maroon, globular flowers on strong stems. The darkest of the Peonies	1.00
130. Francois Ortegat. (Parmentier, 1850). 6.7. Large, semi-rose type; dark amaranth-red; yellow stamens	.50
131. Cherry Hill. (Thurlow, 1915). 8.6. Very early; maroon-red with a glistening sheen, brightened by yellow stamens. Tall, strong stems	.75
MIDSEASON	
132. Felix Crousse. (Crousse, 1881). 8.4. Large, globular, bomb- type; brilliant rose-red; fragrant. Strong grower; free bloomer. Finest midseason red	.50
133. Meissonier. (Crousse, 1886). 6.5. A brilliant purple-amaranth Peony on tall, slender stems	.50
134. Philippe Rivoire. (Riviere, 1911). 9.2. The most fragrant, bright crimson Peony. Good form and growth. Finest red.	2.00

	MIDSEASON RED PEONIES, continued	
135.	Longfellow. (Brand, 1907). 9.0. A brilliant crimson and cherry color—the brightest red Peony	Each
136.	Mary Brand. (Brand, 1907). 8.7. Immense, full, massive; vivid crimson; delightfully fragrant	75
137.	Purpurea Superba. (Delache, 1855). 7.2. Large, bomb-type blooms of bright crimson; no stamens. Strong; free bloomer. Very tall	.50
138.	Mme. Bucquet. (Dessert, 1888). 7.3. Blooms large; semi-rose type, deep crimson-amaranth; fragrant. Strong; upright; free bloomer	.50
139.	Karl Rosenfield. (Rosenfield, 1908). 8.8. Very large, globular, compact, semi-rose type blooms of dark brilliant crimson on tall stems	.50
140.	Grover Cleveland. (Terry, 1904). 8.2. Double, large, bright crimson blooms; mildly fragrant. Medium height; floriferous; stiff stems	.50
	LATE	
141.	The Indian. (Brand). Very late. A good cut-flower variety. Bright red	.5(
142.	Louis van Houtte. (Calot, 1867). 6.9. Semi-rose type; deep rich satiny crimson; fragrant	.5(
143.	Marechal Vaillant. (Calot, 1867). 7.5. Very large, globular, rose type; blood red. Tall. Very late	.51
144.	Delachei. (Delache, 1856). 7.1. Large, compact, semi-rose type; violet-crimson. Strong; erect. Fine	.51
145.	Rubra Superba. (Richardson, 1871). 7.2. Large; brilliant red. The best and the very latest red	.5
	Yellow Peonies	
	EARLY	
147.	Fanny Crosby. (Brand, 1907). 7.7 Yellow, pink guard petals Laura Dessert. (Dessert, 1913). 8.8. Anemone type; medium size; guards pale pink, opening cream, changing to white; center light lemon; moderately fragrant. Medium height; floriferous; good stems	1.5
148.	Candidissima. (Calot, 1856). 7.1. Rose type. Pure white with a sulphur-yellow center. Refined	.6
	MIDSEASON	
149.	Princess Nicelas Bibesco. (Guerin, 1863). Globular, low crown; guards light pink, center charming, delicate yellow.	.5

MIDSEASON YELLOW PEONIES, continued	
150. Golden Harvest. (Rosenfield, 1900). 7.3. Bomb-shaped bloom with guard petals lilac-rose and center sulphur-yellow. Free bloomer	Each
151. Primevere. (Lemoine, 1907). 8.6 Guard petals deep creamy yellow and center petals sulphur-yellow. The yellowest of the Herbaceous Peonies	1.50

Japanese Peonies

This is a type of Herbaceous Peony developed from the single type. In the process of development, the stamens and anthers have lost their character as such, and have become transformed into narrow, thick petaloids or into narrow petals tipped with vestiges of the yellow anthers without pollen, and are surrounded by five or more broad guard petals.

They are strong growers, and many fine varieties, embracing a wide range of color, have been imported to this country from Japan; some seedlings of exceptional merit have also been produced by American growers. Grow under the same conditions as the so-called Chinensis Peonies and require the same treatment.

	Each
152 Ama-no-sode. (Japan). 9.2. One of the best "Japs." Bright	
rose-pink. Staminoids yellow, edged gold and faced pink. Very large. Midseason	\$2.50
153. Fuyajo. (Japan). 9.2. Rich mahogany-red; center petaloids red, tipped chamois; medium size. Midseason	1.50
154. Isani Gidui. (Japan). 9.3. Pure white; center petals edged and tipped gold; very large. Midseason	3.50
155. Mikado. (Peterson, 1893). 8.6. Uniform crimson guards; staminoids of yellow, faced crimson. Good. Medium size. Midseason	1.00
	1.00
156. Some-ganoko. (Japan). 9.0. Velvety dark red; center petals golden yellow, streaked red; large. Midseason	1.50
157. Tomate-boku (also known as Tomatbako). (Japan). 9.4. The largest "Jap." Bright pink; center yellow and tipped pink; gold edges. Midseason	10.00
158. Tokio. (Intro. Dessert, 1910). 8.9. Large; rose-pink; staminoids tipped white, tinted yellow. Midseason	1.50
159. Toro-no-maki. (Japan). 9.0. Very large; flesh, changing to lilac-white; center staminoids white, edged yellow. Midseason	4.00
160. Kukeni-jishi. (Unknown). 9.5. Large; delicate flesh-pink guards; pale rose shading on outside; center full tuft of yellow staminoids. Stiff stems. Early midseason	10.00

Single Peonies

These resemble anemones in form, consisting of a central cushion of yellow stamens surrounded by one row of guard petals in all shades and tints of color, and are a very desirable type of Peony both for landscape effect and for cut-flowers.

We offer only the finest varieties.

	Each
161. Helen. (Thurlow, 1922). 9.0. Deep shell-pink. A new variety that is still rare. Beautiful	\$4.00
162. Le Jour. (Shaylor, 1915). 8.6. Pure white, with gold stamens. Remarkable substance. Midseason	2.00
163. Mafeking. (Kelway). 8.2. Bright scarlet-crimson. One of the brightest singles	1.00
164. Marguerite Dessert. (Dessert, 1913). 8.5. White, evenly powdered with minute dots of carmine; stamens yellow	2.00
165. Mellin Knight. (Brand, 1920). Rich, dark red; stamens golden yellow	1.00
166. Nellie. (Kelway, 1915). 8.6. A very large flower of uniform shell-pink.	2.00
167. Pride of Langport. (Kelway, 1909-10). 8.9. Soft, pleasing shade of pink; long yellow stamens	1.50
168. Rosy Dawn. (Barr). 8.5. Opens soft pink, changes to pure white. Midseason	2.00
169. The Moor. (Barr). 7.8. Tall, showy flower of very dark garnet; yellow stamens. Early	1.00
170. L'Etincelante. (Dessert, 1905). 8.4. Bright pink; Midseason	1.00

171. TRITOMA PFITZERI

Red-Hot Poker; Flame Flower; Torch Lily

This variety is the best of the Tritoma family. Orange-scarlet blooms shading to salmon-rose at edge. Hardy south of Philadelphia, but needs protection north of Philadelphia. 20 cents each; \$2.00 per dozen.

Terms

TERMS CASH. Goods forwarded at purchaser's risk. C.O.D. orders must be accompanied by one-fourth the purchase price. We can furnish extra-large clumps of some of the varieties of Peonies. Prices on application.

The prices quoted are for stock packed for shipment f.o.b. Sinking Spring, Pa., and are offered subject to being unsold upon receipt of order. Purchaser must state whether goods shall be shipped by Express or by Freight and name the route desired.

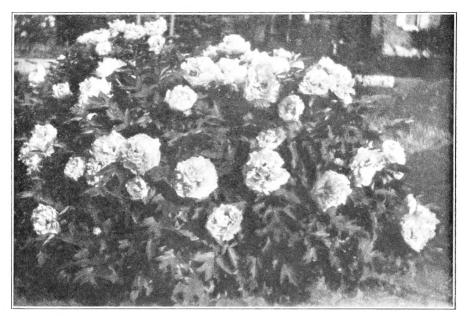
If nothing is said, we will ship by Express. We advise Express.

Discounts

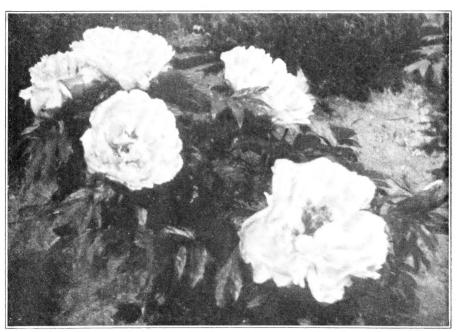
Orders amounting to \$10	5	per	cent	off
Orders amounting to \$25	10	per	cent	off
Orders amounting to \$50	15	per	cent	off
Orders amounting to \$10	0. and upward20	per	cent	off

To entitle you to these discounts cash must accompany the order.

No discount allowed on collections listed on color sheet.



PAEONIA ARBOREA (Tree Peony) BANKSI, 10 years old, on its own roots, 4 feet high, 15 feet in circumference, bore 125 double, flesh-pink flowers in 1929.—Oberlin Peony Gardens, Sinking Spring, Pa.



PAEONIA ARBOREA (Tree Peony) REIN-KAHU (Flight of Cranes). Pure white.

Oberlin Peony Gardens, Sinking Spring, Pa.

Oberlin Peony Gardens SINKING SPRING, PA.